Auxiliary Lighting Version 1-2				
Definition:	Lighting designed to supply illumination essential to safety in the event of failure of the primary power supply.			
Name Variants:	emergency lighting, back up lighting			
Most Common Materials:	vinyl plastic, metal, copper, aluminum, brass, glass,			
Most Common Components:	Rechargeable battery back-up, light bulb, circuits, lamps, test button, housing assembly			

Location & Inspection Auxiliary Lighting						
Tools for Location &	Useful:	small pole or rod to reach test button on auxiliary light				
Inspection	Required:	none				
Common Locations:	Inside:	Common areas along the exit path of the building.				
Possible Deficiencies:	Deficiency 1: Deficiency 2:	Auxiliary lighting fails to illuminate when tested Auxiliary lighting damaged/ missing				

Deficiency 1:		Auxiliary lighting fails to illuminate when	
		tested	
Rationale:	Safety, Indirect: If auxiliary lighting does not illuminate, this increases the probability that tenants will be unable to safely exit the building in the event of fire or other emergency.		
	when tested would b	e, Direct: It is reasonable to expect that auxiliary lighting that fails to illuminate e identified through routine observations and facilities management would s to fix this deficiency.	
Health and	This is a standard health and safety issue requiring a correction, remedy, or act of abatement within		
Safety	30 days.		
Determination:			
How to	Action:	Press and hold test button for 30 sec. Emergency light should come on and	
Inspect:		stay on for the entire 30 sec. Inspectors must be aware that some back up	
		batteries may be remotely located.	
	Visual Observation:	Look to ensure that the device responds to the test and illuminates.	
Inspection		All light sources on auxiliary lighting must light during test to avoid	
Process &		deficiency.	
Procedures:		Combination auxiliary light and exit sign devices must be recorded as	
		two individual deficiencies, each within its respective inspectable item.	
Record			
deficiency if:		After pressing the test button, the auxiliary light does not illuminate.	

Deficienc	cy 2:	Auxiliary lighting damaged/ missing		
Rationale:	Safety, Indirect: If auxiliary lighting is damaged or missing, this increases the probability that tenants will be unable to safely exit the building in the event of fire or other emergency.			
	, Direct: It is reasonable to expect that auxiliary lighting that is damaged or ntified through routine observations and facilities management would to fix this deficiency.			
Health and Safety Determination:	This is a standard health and safety issue requiring a correction, remedy, or act of abatement within 30 days.			
How to Inspect:	Visual Observation:	Look at the auxiliary light to see if it has damage, missing pieces or is hanging loose from its mount (not securely affixed). Look for evidence that points to a light was installed but is missing at the time of inspection.		
Inspection Process & Procedures:		This deficiency applies to physical damage only, an auxiliary light that will not illuminate is recorded under "Auxiliary lighting fails to illuminate when tested".		
		Combination auxiliary light and exit sign devices must be recorded as two individual deficiencies, each within its respective inspectable item.		
Record deficiency if:		Aux. Lighting is missing where there is evidence that one was previously installed.  Or  Aux. lighting is broken.		

## Auxiliary Lighting, Version 1-2 (26 Dec 2019)

Summary of Changes (from Version 1-1)

• The **Rationales** and the **Health and Safety Determinations** have been updated, following in-house review and public comment.